

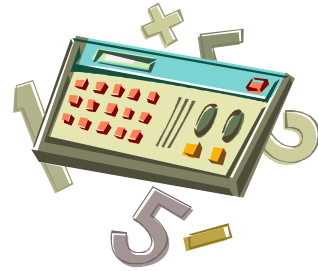
Algebra/Geometry Institute Summer 2004

Lesson Plan 2

Faculty Name: Joseph Robinson

School: Greenville-Wesson High/Greenville Mississippi

Grade Level: 9th



1 Teaching objective(s)

The teacher will define and classify polynomial by degree and terms.

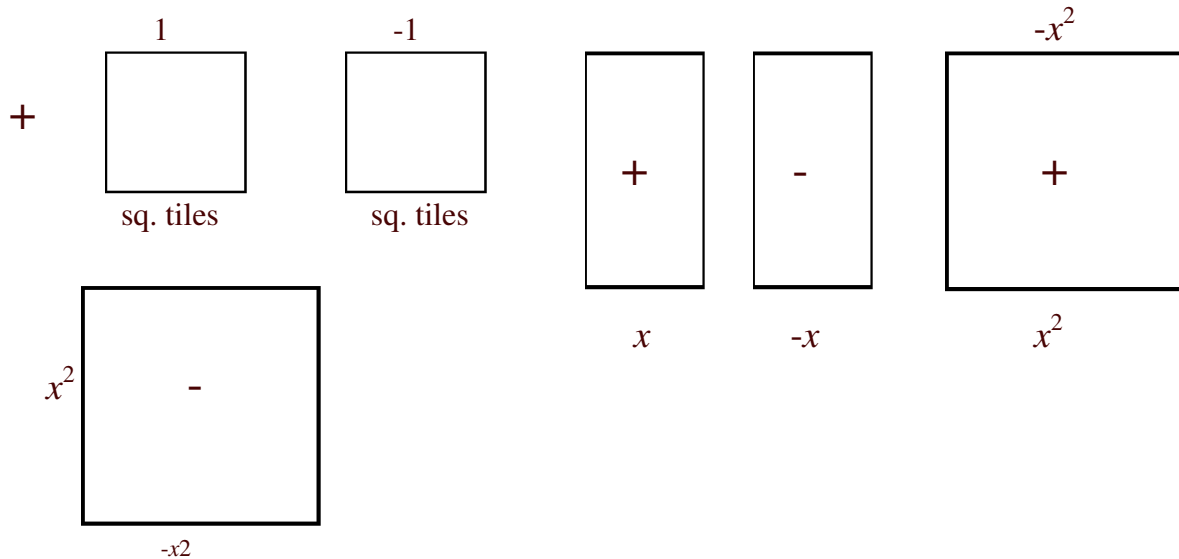
The teacher will demonstrate the addition and subtraction using algebra tiles.

2 Instructional Activities

- The students will classify the polynomials: 6 , $-2x$, $3x + 1$, $-x^2 + 2x - 5$, $4x^3 - 8$, $2x^4 - 7x^3 - 5x + 1$.

Polynomials	Degree	Classified by Degree	Classified by no. terms
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- The student will use algebra tiles to add and subtract polynomials/

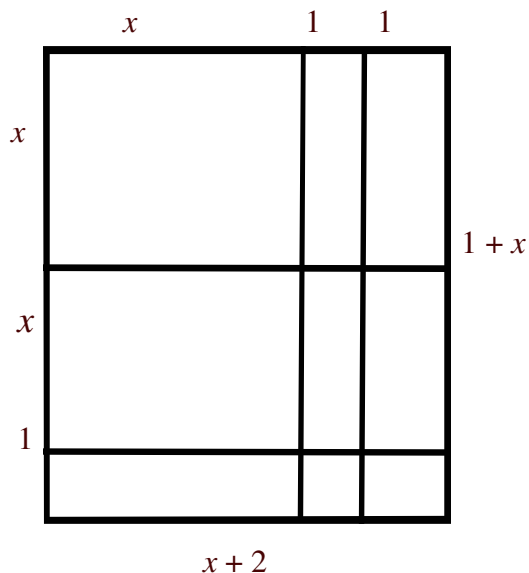


- The student will use algebra tiles to find the sum:

- $(-x^2 + x - 1) + (4x^2 + 2x - 3)$
- $3x^2 + 5x - 6 + (-2x^2 - 3x - 6)$
- $(5x^2 - 3x + 4) + (-x^2 + 3x - 2)$
- $(2x^2 - x - 1) + (-2x^2 + x + 1)$
- $(-x^2 + 3x + 7) + (x^2 - 7)$

- The student will use algebra tiles to find the difference:
 1. $(x^2 + 3 + 4) - (x^2 + 3)$
 2. $(x^2 - 2x + 5) - (3 - 2x)$
 3. $(2x^2 + 5) - (-x^2 + 3)$
 4. $(x^2 + 4) - (2x^2 + x)$

The rectangle at the right has the width of $(x + 2)$ and the height of $(2x + 1)$.



1. Copy the model. What is the area of each part of the rectangle?
2. Find the product of $(x + 3)$ and $(2x + 1)$ by adding the areas of the parts to get an expression for the total area.
3. Copy and complete the equation:
 $(x + 2)(2x + 1)$.

3 Materials and Resources

McDougal Littell Algebra, Prentice Hall Algebra Practice Workbook, Overhead projector.

4 Assessment

Check point exercises.

1. Identify the coefficients and classify the polynomial:
 $2x + 4 - x^3$.
2. Simplify the expression:
 $(2x^2 + 9x - 4) + (6x - 3x^2 + 1) - (x^2 + x + 1)$.