Algebra/Geometry Institute Summer 2003

Lesson Plan I

Faculty Name: Carolyn Corey School: none City: Camden Grade Level: 9-10 Pre-algebra



- 1. Teaching objective(s): Students will model order of operations to simplify and or/evaluate inequality algebraic expressions.
- 2. Instructional Activities:
 - Rule1. Adding/subtracting the same number on both sides

Example: Inequality; x - 7 > 10

- Solution: The inequality x -7 > 10 has the same solution as the inequality x > 17. By adding 7 to both sides of the equation you get another inequality.
- Rule 2. Multiplying/dividing by the positive/negative number on both sides of an inequality

Example: Positive inequality; 3x = 18

- Solution: The positive inequality 3x = 18 as the same solution x = 6. By dividing both sides of the equation with a +3 you get another positive inequality.
- Solution: The negative inequality -3x > 12 has the same solution as the inequality x < -4. By dividing both sides of the equation with the -3, you get another negative inequality.
- Rule 3. Switching sides and changing the orientation of the inequality sign.

Solution: The inequality 8 - x > 7 has the same solution as 7 < 8 - x.

Note: These rules don't apply to $x^2 > x$ (don't know if x is positive or negative). Only "easy" inequalities are solved using these rules. (S.O.S Math)

- 3. Materials and Resources:
 - a. calculators, pencils, paper, chalkboard, student text book, and overhead projector using the plastic counting squares,
 - b. <u>http://www.sosmath.com/algebra/inequalities/ineq01/ineq01.html</u>
 - c. http://www.sosmath.com/algebra/inequalities/ineq01a1.html
 - d. <u>http://www.sosmathcom/algebra/inequalities/ineq01a2.html</u>
 - e. http://www.sosmathcom/algebra/inequalities/ineq01a3.html
 - f. http://www.sosmathcom/algebra/inequalities/ineq01a4.html
 - g. The CRC Concise Encyclopedia of Mathematics a book used as a cross reference found at <u>http://mathworld, wolfram.com/.</u>
- 4. Assessment: The students will be give a written test on using the rules of order of operation for inequality.